**Pangram Strings**

[string](http://www.practice.geeksforgeeks.org/tag-page.php?tag=string&isCmp=0)

Check if the given string **S**is a **Panagram**or not. A pangram is a sentence containing every letter in the English Alphabet.  
  
**Example**: The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog ” is a Pangram [Contains all the characters from ‘a’ to ‘z’]

**Input**  
The first line of input contains an integer **T**denoting the number of test cases. Then **T**test cases follow.   
The first line of each test case contains a case insensitvie string **S**.

**Note:** The input string can contain whitespaces.

**Output**  
For each test case **T** print in a new line 1 if the string is pangram else print 0.

**Constraints**  
1 <= **T**<= 100  
0 <= **S**<=50

**Examples**

**Input**  
4  
The brown fox jumps over the dog  
geeksFORgeeks  
Pack my box with five dozen liquor jugs  
New job: fix Mr Gluck's hazy TV, PDQ

**Output**  
0  
0  
1  
1

\*\*For More Examples Use Expected Output\*\*

<http://www.practice.geeksforgeeks.org/problem-page.php?pid=933>

**import** java.util.\*;

**import** java.lang.\*;

**import** java.io.\*;

**class** GFG {

**public** **static** **void** main(String[] args) {

*// TODO code application logic here*

        Scanner sc = **new** Scanner(System.in);

**int** t = Integer.parseInt(sc.nextLine());

**while**(t-- >0){

            String s = sc.nextLine();

**boolean** marcas[] = **new** **boolean**[26];

**for**(**int** i =0; i<s.length(); i++) {

**if**(s.charAt(i)!=' ' && Character.isLetter(s.charAt(i))){

                    marcas[Character.toLowerCase(s.charAt(i))-'a']=**true**;

                }

            }

**int** answer= 1;

**for**(**int** i =0; i<marcas.length; i++) {

*//System.out.print(marcas[i]);*

**if**(!marcas[i]) {

                    answer=0;

**break**;

                }

            }

            System.out.println(answer);

        }

    }

}